

LAS VEGAS DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. 3.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1881.

NO. 44.

New York Clothing House

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS!

In order to open up an ENTIRELY FRESH STOCK in Our New Building on Centre Street.

Call In! We Mean It!

THEO. RUTENBECK,

WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER,

GOLD AND SILVER FILIGREE JEWELRY.

WATCHES REPAIRED AND ENGRAVING A SPECIALTY. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

TOPEKA HOUSE,

Railroad Ave., Opposite Browne & Manzaneros, Las Vegas:

This house has been newly opened and thoroughly renovated. Everything first class. Courteous attention guaranteed to all.

J. M. GARDNER, Prop'r

C. R. BROWNING

EAST LAS VEGAS, N. M.

Real Estate and Insurance Agent

REPRESENTS

The Oldest, the Largest, the Best Insurance Co's.

Organization	Name of Company	Location	Assets
1841	Mutual Life	New York	\$9,735,790.02
1841	Liverpool, London and Globe	London & Liverpool	31,062,104.05
1851	Home Fire Insurance Company	New York	6,866,029.32
1851	London Assurance Corporation	London	15,886,111.16
1854	Phoenix	Hartford	3,217,119.02
1858	Queen	Liverpool	4,821,257.06
1859	Springfield F. & M.	Springfield, Mass.	2,128,629.91
1861	Commercial Union	London	9,088,571.24
1794	Insurance Co. of North America	Philadelphia	7,805,588.90
1870	Lion	London	1,340,141.14
1875	Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	2,131,029.37
1875	The Insurance Association	London	1,331,782.07
1890	North British & Mercantile	London	9,264,569.23
1875	Hamburg-Magdeburg	Hamburg, Germany	887,863.14

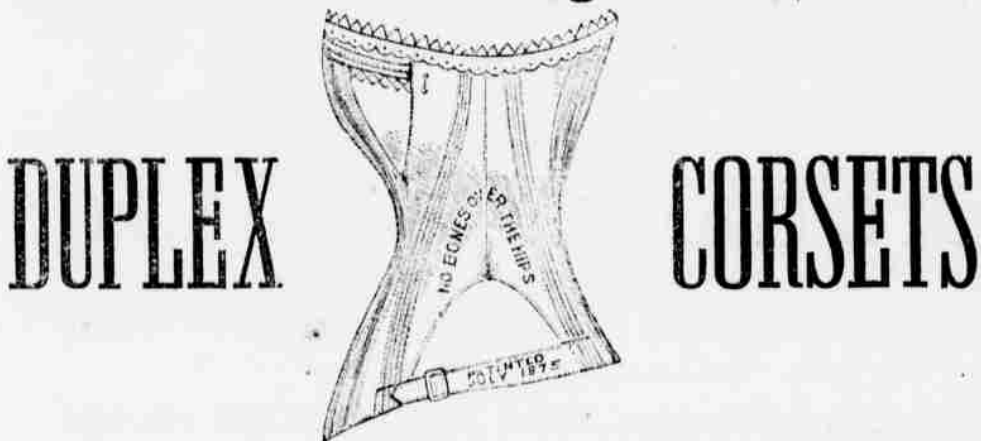
\$188,779,059.34

INSURANCE IS PROTECTION.

Warrants of the Several Counties in the Territory Bought and Sold.

We Respectfully Beg Leave to Inform You that We Have a Full Line of The Celebrated

Bortree Adjustable



In stock and trust you will call and inspect the assortment we have just opened.

M. Romero, Las Vegas, N. M.

BILLIARD HALL.

"LOCKE'S" CENTRE STREET.

A full line of the Purest Imported Wines and Whiskies for family and medical purposes.

ROCCO AMELIO,

Dealer in All Kinds of

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

FRESH FRUITS and VEGETABLES OF ALL KINDS.

A complete line of Fine Cigars and Tobacco. Plain and Fancy Candies. Southeast Corner of the Plaza, Opposite First National Bank.

CALVIN FISK,

Real Estate and Stock Broker,

Notary Public and

INSURANCE AG'T.

OFFICE IN OPTIC BLOCK, EAST LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

Fruit dressed lemonade at Billy's.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

The End Is Near for President James A. Garfield.

He Is Gradually but Surely Losing Ground.

There Seems but a Faint Shadow of Hope Left to Him.

Even the Sanguine Surgeons Are Losing Faith.

The Last News of a Most Unfavorable Kind.

An Auditor of Railroad Accounts Badly Wanted.

And a Mandamus to Compel Arthur to Appoint One

Seriously Discussed by the Central Pacific People.

Other Foreign and Domestic News of General Interest.

From the Sick Man at the White House.

UNCHANGED.

Executive Mansion, August 25, 8:30 a. m.—The President slept most of the night and he has taken liquid food by the mouth at stated intervals and a sufficient quantity so that the emaciation have not been renewed. No modification of the parotid swelling has yet been observed. His general condition is much the same as at this time yesterday. Pulse 100, temperature 98.5, respiration 18.

Signed
D. W. BLISS,
J. K. BARNES,
J. J. WOODWARD,
ROBERT REYBURN,
FRANK HAMILTON.

UNOFFICIAL BULLETIN.

Executive Mansion, 9:45 a. m.—The attending physicians and Drs. Agnew and Hamilton in consultation held this a. m. decided not to remove the President from the Executive Mansion. An official bulletin announcing the fact will soon be issued.

Executive mansion, 9:15 a. m.—The subject of the removal of the President from Washington at the present time was earnestly considered by us last night and again this morning. After mature deliberation the conclusion was arrived at by a majority that it would not now be prudent, although all agree that it will be very desirable at the earliest time at which his condition may warrant it. We are moreover unanimously of the opinion that at no time since the injury has the President exhibited any symptoms of malaria.

Signed,
D. W. BLISS,
J. K. BARNES,
J. J. WOODWARD,
ROBERT REYBURN,
FRANK HAMILTON.

UNOFFICIAL BULLETIN.

Washington, 10:20 a. m.—Dr. Bliss reports the condition of the President this forenoon about the same as yesterday forenoon, except that his pulse is a little higher and he was somewhat restless at times during the night and did not sleep quite as well as on Tuesday night. There has been no perceptible change in the appearance of the inflamed parotid gland, and two or three days may elapse before the swelling subsides, taking into consideration the fact that the patient has not gained any ground since yesterday morning. Dr. Agnew will leave for Philadelphia at 10:30 a. m.

DR. BOYNTON A LITTLE BLUE.

Executive Mansion, noon.—Dr. Boynton in an interview with a reporter at 11:40 this morning, replied to his questions as follows:

"How is the President, in your judgment?"

"I don't think he is any better."

"But, does he hold his own?"

"Well, I cannot point to any particular symptom and say he is noticeably worse, but the impression which his general condition makes upon me today is a little less favorable. I don't feel quite as encouraged as I did yesterday."

"What are the features of the case which seem to you most disquieting?"

"The condition of his blood and extreme weakness."

"He has not then made any gain in strength since yesterday morning?"

"I cannot see that he has."

"Does he not take food as well as yesterday?"

"Yes, quite as well. His stomach seems to maintain the same condition."

"Then, if his stomach performs its functions properly, and nourishment continues to be well assimilated, will not his condition of blood change for the better?"

"It will in time. The poison will be eliminated from the blood if the patient's strength and vitality holds out. It is a question of time and endurance."

"The wound continues to do well, does it not?"

"Yes, but I do not think the condition of the wound is so important a consideration. The President is very weak, and is yet gaining strength very slowly, if at all. The great question is can he be sustained through this period of prostration. If he can, I think he will eventually rally from the depression caused by the septic taint in the blood, and finally recover."

SHOULD THEY REMOVE HIM OR IS IT TOO LATE?

Chicago, Aug. 25.—A Washington

special says: Doctor Hamilton is ascribing to himself the glory of having insisted upon the President's removal. Your correspondent is aware that Secretary Blaine has been from the first one of the most positive advocates of the removal of the President from the malarial region of the White House. The day after the President was shot Blaine suggested to the attendant physicians the desirability of getting beyond the reach of the malarial influences which surround the Executive Mansion. Bliss was one of the most ardent opponents of Blaine's theory. Bliss maintained it would be positively damaging to attempt to remove the President and declared he would not vouch for the life of the President if he attempted to remove him was made. Bliss and other physicians attending upon the President have denied that he was affected with malaria and during this period at least half a dozen strong men about the Executive Mansion have been attacked and prostrated by the insidious disease. Yesterday he is reported to have said he thought if the President was removed he would not live to pass beyond the White House gates. The President himself has been most anxious to get away. In his sane moments during the past week he begged and pleaded to be taken beyond the walls of the White House. A feeling of intense longing to get away from the scenes which are constantly vivid reminders of his sufferings has possessed him. To Ohio he would prefer to go, but dimly recognizing that his removal to such a distance is impossible, he has simply asked to be taken to the Soldiers Home, or on salt water. It is impossible to tell to what extent the President's being taken from the White House will effect his chances for recovery, but undeniably some of his physicians believe that unless he is removed he has not the ghost of a chance to live. The very worst malarial season in Washington is between the 15th of August and the 15th of September and the President is at present where he will be certain to inhale most deadly breath from the poisonous Potomac marshes.

DR. BLISS INTERVIEWED.

New York, August 25.—The Post's Washington special says. Dr. Bliss said to me:

"You can say that the consultation this morning was confined to the matter stated in the bulletin, that is, the question of removal. All agreed that it was very desirable, but some thought that it would be risky. We have always intended to move him just as soon as we could."

"I asked the Dr. if he had followed the strict anti-septic treatment called listerism, that is, the treatment with dressing impregnated with carbolic acid to destroy the life in the germs floating in the air which would cause decomposition of the pus and induce pyemia?"

"Yes," said he, "we have done that very carefully from the start. When we dress the wound we are all enveloped in carbolic spray. There is a little apparatus, worked by steam, which is suspended over the bed above our heads and at the time of the dressing our persons, clothes, instruments, the patient and everything is enveloped in this carbolic mist. This we have done all along for the purpose of securing a perfect safeguard against any pyemia trouble."

"Do you think he has gained any strength since yesterday?"

"No, I cannot see that he has, but I think he is holding his own."

"Is he taking nourishment nicely today?"

"Quite as well as yesterday. In the opinion of his attendants and Mrs. Garfield he seemed a little brighter this morning."

"What is the condition of the inflamed gland?"

"It has not changed much in appearance and is one of the most troublesome features in the case. We got a little more pus from it today, but the swelling remains about the same."

In conclusion Doctor Bliss reiterated that the condition of the patient was no worse to-day than yesterday, although it can't be said that there has been any improvement.

NO CHANGE SINCE NOON BULLETIN.

Executive Mansion, 4 p. m.—Doctor Bliss reports at four o'clock that there has been no change in the President's general condition since the 12:30 bulletin. His stomach continues to perform its functions satisfactorily and he has taken up to this hour about the same amount of nourishment as yesterday. His pulse has fallen a little since noon and there are no new unfavorable symptoms.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

Executive Mansion, 6:20 p. m.—There has been little change in the President's condition since the noon bulletin was issued. The frequency of his pulse is now the same as then. His temperature has risen somewhat, but is not so high as yesterday evening. There has been a slight discharge of pus during the day from the incision in the parotid swelling, but it is not diminishing in size. No unfavorable change has been perceived in the condition of the wound. He has taken by mouth a sufficient supply of liquid food. At present his pulse is 112, temperature 99.8, respiration 19.

Signed,
D. W. BLISS,
J. K. BARNES,
J. J. WOODWARD,
ROBERT REYBURN,
FRANK HAMILTON.

UNFAVORABLE.

It appears that not only has the swelling of the gland not decreased in size, but pus is forming in a number of places here and there in the gland, and that complication seems even more serious than before the operation. These and other like considerations, together with the absence of any positively encouraging assurances from the surgeons room has checked to-day the hopeful anticipations which were expressed yesterday afternoon. The surgeons, however, while conceding the gravity of the situation, continued to maintain throughout the afternoon that the outlook was no worse than yesterday.

THE WORST PREDICTED.

Executive Mansion, 10 p. m.—Although no information can yet be obtained directly from the attending surgeons it is understood that the President's case has taken an unfavorable turn this evening and that the swollen parotid gland throughout which pus is now forming in small cells or pockets threatens immediately dangerous consequences. Unless a favorable change takes place within the next twenty-four hours the worst is apprehended.

BLAINE TO LOWELL.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The President has lost ground to-day. Some of his symptoms this afternoon and evening are of the gravest character. The condition of the swollen gland and of his pulse and temperature suggest serious and alarming complications. His mind at intervals has been somewhat clouded and wandering. His strength fails but he still swallows liquid food of a nourishing character and apparently digests it. On this one fact rests hope that there is still chance of a reaction for the better.

Executive Mansion, 11:55 p. m.—The prevalent feeling at the Mansion to-day was one of increased anxiety. The symptoms of the President up to six o'clock was not decidedly worse, nor had any marked unfavorable change taken place in his general condition, but the failure to gain strength from constantly increasing quantities of nourishment taken disappointed the expectations, and the threatening aspect of the gland swelling was taken as another reason for discouragement. It seemed that the general feeling by the friends of the President, who come here every day for information, but whose views of the case represent the outside current of thought, was that the patient had not gained as much as he ought since Monday morning, and this was due to imperfect assimilation and nutrition enough of the food taken daily, they say, to more than sustain the patient's strength if it were all turned into blood and vital force. But it is evidently not, since there has been no perceptible gain in strength during the past three days. This, they argue, indicates septicemia or some other unfavorable influences at work interfering with the processes of nutrition and neutralizing to a great extent the efforts of the stomach to supply the system with food. The President, they say, should be gaining strength now to get through another bad Sunday, or meet another reversion in the shape of new complications, but instead he is hardly holding his own, and has no reserve strength to draw upon in case of necessity. They find also another reason for discouragement in behalf of the parotid swelling. When the incision was made yesterday afternoon, it was generally supposed, although perhaps without sufficient warrant, that it would afford speedy, if not immediate relief, and from that source no further danger was to be apprehended.

DAY OF ANXIETY.

Washington, Aug. 25.—To-day has been one of much anxiety about the White House and in the city. The fear that the President is continually approaching his end is very well defined. Hope has not disappeared, however, by any means and there is chance yet for recovery. The swollen glands cause continued irritation and pain. It troubles the President very appreciably.

Will Arthur be Compelled to Act.

Chicago, August 25.—A Washington special says: It is reported that officers of the Central Pacific have been considering the advisability of a mandamus to compel Vice President Arthur to appoint an Auditor of railroad accounts, on the ground that the bureau is now without a head, and will be compelled in consequence to rest under the odium of the charge to defraud the government, while they are ready and anxious to proceed to trials if an Auditor be appointed. Some time ago there was a stay of proceedings granted on the motion of Assistant U. S. District Attorney Clark, in the Circuit Court in New York until thirty days after the appointment of an Auditor of Railroad accounts by the President, and extending the time of taking testimony three months after the expiration of the stay, thus making a delay on the motion of the counsel for four months after the commissioner shall be named. The defendants, it is said, intend to make this application for a mandamus upon the instructions of Attorney General MacVeagh to Mr. Clark, in which he said the case must rest as it is until the President is able to appoint a commissioner, thus especially admitting the constitutional inability of the President. The railroad men will claim that it was upon this representation that the delay was ordered by the Court. It appears that the law creating the office of Auditor of Railroad Accounts is so constructed that Section 158, revised statutes intended to cover such cases does not apply here. The section provides that in case of a vacancy in a bureau, such as this, the appointment of the chief of which is not vested in the head of the department to which the bureau belongs, the deputy of such official or chief clerk shall perform the duties of such officer until such officer is appointed. It is creating the office of Auditor of Railroad Accounts does not provide for any deputy or chief clerk, so in this case there is not one, who under the law is authorized to perform the duties of the office. The gentleman in the office now is simply placed there to keep up the books, but he has no official status and no one can do the duties of the Auditor till the President shall appoint some one to the vacancy. In the meantime the same act referred to above makes it mandatory upon the Auditor, who does not now exist, to examine the books and accounts of the railroads west, north and south of the Missouri river which have been granted subsidies in bonds or lands, to certify to their correctness, to see that the law relative to the land grant roads is obeyed. The law says the auditor shall do this or some one he may appoint. No one else has authority upon language of this act. It is reported that the Central Pacific will lay a claim to enforced

hardships in the matter now pending between them and the Government. The Atlantic & Pacific and New Orleans Pacific Railroads also complain.

Venmor Interviewed.

New York, Aug. 25.—A Times reporter interviewed Venmor, who said, regarding the statement telegraphed from the West that an effort was being made to put him in charge of our Signal Service Bureau:

"Would I accept?"

"No, sir, I would not; most emphatically, I would not, and nothing will come of it."

"Has not the telegram some foundation?"

"Probably it has. Correspondence touching the matter has reached me from a high source, but I assure you I have never for a moment given the subject any serious consideration. You see, my system is so very different from that of the United States Signal Service that I should really be out of place in the position held by Gen. Hazen. But I wish I had the facilities your officers have at command. I think I could make a good record. Your signal force I see has recently been indulging in criticisms of me and my system. Not only are they willing to do me a wrong, but they seem to have charged that not half of my forecasts are correct. That is false; absolutely, maliciously false."

Trans-Oceanic Transpirings.

A BUSTED SENSATION.

London, Aug. 25.—The gun powder and cartridges found in a basket at the Midland Railroad Station, Birmingham, Monday, were intended for the shooting galleries on the race course. They were consigned under a false description, with the view of evading the extra payment for the transit of explosives.

DARING NAVIGATORS.

London, Aug. 25.—The dory, Bath City, which arrived at Falmouth, lost her only compass overboard a week ago. The crew have not had dry clothes on them since they left America. They intend to go to Hamburg and recross the Atlantic in her.

GAMBETTA'S ADVICE TO ITALY.

Rome, Aug. 25.—Gambetta has written some leading statements on the left in the Chamber of deputies deprecating Italian alliance with Germany and Austria.

PARNELL'S VIOLENT ADDRESS.

London, Aug. 25.—Parnell's manifesto to the electors at North Durham is most violent. It entirely ignores the land act and declares it impossible for the Irish party to enter into an alliance with any section which itself can be used in support of the coercive ministry who banished personal liberty from Ireland and reduced it to a worse condition than that of Russia.

MR. JOHNSON.

Mr. Johnson of Kantintuck, founder and secretary of the Irish laborers' league will contest Tyrone in the interest of the labor movement.

ENGLISH TENANTS WANT REDRESS.

The Daily News says that it has become evident that the English tenants mean to bestir themselves to obtain redress.

Yorktown Centennial.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The Yorktown Centennial Commission and citizens of Washington and Baltimore, decided to entertain guests in Baltimore October 10, 11 and 12, and in Washington October 13, 14 and 15. It is expected that twenty guests from the French Government will be present. France will send over one or two of her large war vessels with troops. They will arrive about October 5th.

Wild Winds and Waves.

Washington, August 25.—There are heavy winds along the North Carolina coast to-day. The sea has risen to an enormous height, the wind blows twenty-eight miles per hour. A hurricane is anticipated, probably moving westward.

A Man and Wife Killed by Lightning.

Chicago, August 25.—A man and wife named Temple, were instantly killed in their house by a lightning stroke, near Fulton, Ill., to-day. Their five little children, who were in the house with them, miraculously escaped injury.

Goes Back Into Journalism.

New York, August 25.—W. B. Somerville, who for two years past presided over the business relations of the Western Union Telegraphic company with newspapers, has resigned to re-enter journalism.

Telegraphic Briefs.

The Kentucky corn crop will be a failure this year.

The Illinois and Mississippi River and Canal Improvement Commissioners will memorialize Congress on behalf of the construction of the Hennepin canal.

Groundless Charge.

New York, August 25.—The Star says that the charges against Shinkle, of the Cornell crew, cannot be sustained.

Democratic Convention.

Denver, Aug. 24.—The Republican's Lake City special says: At a meeting of the Democratic convention here Saturday, Thos. C. Brown, of Gunnison county, was nominated as a candidate for district judge, and H. C. Montague, of San Juan county, for clerk of the district court of the seventh judicial district.

The ice cream social given by the ladies of the Presbyterian Church Wednesday evening was a very pleasant and successful affair. They cleared over thirty dollars over and above expenses, in cash.

Family Groceries.

A large stock, cheaper than the cheapest, just received at T. Romero & Son's.

5-141f